



LINDA M. PENNER
Chair

KATHLEEN T. HOWARD
Executive Director

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

BOARD OF STATE AND COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

2590 VENTURE OAKS WAY, SUITE 200 ♦ SACRAMENTO CA 95833 ♦ 916.445.5073 ♦ BSCC.CA.GOV



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor

California Violence Intervention & Prevention (CalVIP) Executive Steering Committee Update

Summary of Preliminary Recommendations for the FY 2019-20 CalVIP Request for Proposals (RFP)

The purpose of this document is to summarize recent statutory changes to the CalVIP grant and preliminary recommendations of the CalVIP Executive Steering Committee (ESC), made at their public meetings on October 24-25, 2019 and November 18-19, 2019. These statutory changes and ESC recommendations will be incorporated into an RFP that is presented for approval by the Board of State and Community Corrections (the Board) at its meeting on February 13, 2020. None of these recommendations are final until approved by the Board.

2019 Funding Available for Grants: \$28.5 million

- \$27.5 million for competitive grants
 - \$3 million set aside for cities with populations of 40,000 or less (per statute)
- \$1 million for non-competitive grant to City of Los Angeles (per statute)

Grant Period: July 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023 (42 months), to include --

- July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023 (3 years): service delivery and data collection
- July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 (6 months): data analysis and evaluation

Maximum Award Amounts:

- \$1.5 million for eligible cities and community-based organizations (CBOs) that are disproportionately impacted by violence (see Table 1)
- \$600,000 for eligible cities with populations of 40,000 or less (see Table 2)

Match Requirement: 100 percent, cash or in-kind

Eligibility to Apply: Assembly Bill (AB) 1603 (Chapter 735, Statutes of 2019) limits CalVIP eligibility to cities in California that are disproportionately impacted by violence and the community-based organizations (CBOs) that serve the residents of those cities.

As defined by AB 1603, a city is disproportionately impacted by violence if any of the following are true:

- (1) The city experienced 20 or more homicides per calendar year during two or more of the three calendar years immediately preceding the grant application.
- (2) The city experienced 10 or more homicides per calendar year during two or more of the three years prior to the grant application and had a homicide rate that was at least 50% higher than the statewide homicide rate during two or more of the three calendar years immediately preceding the grant application.

- (3) The applicant otherwise demonstrated a unique and compelling need for additional resources to address the impact of homicides, shootings, and aggravated assaults in the applicant's community.

The CalVIP ESC further defined that a city has a "unique and compelling need" if:

- The city experienced seven (7) or more homicides per calendar year during two or more of the three years prior to the grant application and had a homicide rate that was at least 25% higher than the statewide homicide rate during two or more of the three calendar years immediately preceding the grant application.

The following table lists the 29 cities that meet one or more of the above three criteria. These cities and any CBO that serves the residents of these cities are eligible to apply for CalVIP funds. The CBO need not be physically located inside the city limits in order to be eligible.

Table 1. Cities Disproportionately Impacted by Violence, Eligible to Apply for CalVIP Funding*			
City	(1) 20 or more homicides	(2) 10+ homicides and a homicide rate 50% higher than the statewide rate	(3) 7+ homicides and a homicide rate 25% higher than the statewide rate
Antioch			X
Bakersfield	X	X	X
Carson			X
Compton	X	X	X
Delano			X
Fairfield			X
Fresno	X	X	X
Inglewood		X	X
Long Beach	X		X
Los Angeles	X		X
Lynwood			X
Modesto		X	X
Norwalk			X
Oakland	X	X	X
Oxnard		X	X
Pittsburg			X
Pomona		X	X
Richmond		X	X
Sacramento	X	X	X
Salinas	X	X	X
San Bernardino	X	X	X
San Diego	X		
San Francisco	X		X
San Jose	X		
Santa Ana	X		X
Stockton	X	X	X
Turlock			X
Vallejo		X	X
Victorville			X
* CBOs that serve the residents of these cities are also eligible to apply.			

The FY 2019-20 State Budget Act also set aside \$3 million for competitive grants to cities with populations of 40,000 or less. The CalVIP ESC defined “unique and compelling need” for cities with populations of 40,000 or less as cities that appear in the top five percent for one or more of three crimes designated as violent by the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting index: Homicide, Aggravated Assault and Robbery, averaged over the preceding three years. The following 66 cities in Table 2 meet this definition.

Table 2. Cities with Populations of 40,000 or Less, Eligible to Apply for CalVIP Funding			
City	Located in (county)	City	Located in (county)
Adelanto	San Bernardino	Huron	Fresno
Alturas	Modoc	Industry	Los Angeles
Anderson	Shasta	Irwindale	Los Angeles
Artesia	Los Angeles	Isleton	Sacramento
Arvin	Kern	King City	Monterey
Atwater	Merced	Lakeport	Lake
Avenal	Kings	Lemon Grove	San Diego
Banning	Riverside	Marysville	Yuba
Barstow	San Bernardino	McFarland	Kern
Big Bear Lake	San Bernardino	Mendota	Fresno
Biggs	Butte	Montague	Siskiyou
Bishop	Inyo	Montclair	San Bernardino
Brawley	Imperial	Mount Shasta	Siskiyou
California City	Kern	Needles	San Bernardino
Clearlake	Lake	Newman	Stanislaus
Coalinga	Fresno	Orange Cove	Fresno
Colma	San Mateo	Oroville	Butte
Commerce	Los Angeles	Parlier	Fresno
Crescent City	Del Norte	Red Bluff	Tehama
Cudahy	Los Angeles	San Pablo	Contra Costa
Desert Hot Springs	Riverside	Sand City	Monterey
Dinuba	Tulare	Santa Fe Springs	Los Angeles
Dos Palos	Merced	Selma	Fresno
Dunsmuir	Siskiyou	Signal Hill	Los Angeles
El Cerrito	Contra Costa	Susanville	Lassen
Emeryville	Alameda	Taft	Kern
Eureka	Humboldt	Ukiah	Mendocino
Farmersville	Tulare	Vernon	Los Angeles
Fort Bragg	Mendocino	Weed	Siskiyou
Grass Valley	Nevada	West Hollywood	Los Angeles
Greenfield	Monterey	Westmorland	Imperial
Gridley	Butte	Willits	Mendocino
Gustine	Merced	Yreka	Siskiyou

Eligible Activities: AB 1603 requires that CalVIP grants be used to support, expand and replicate evidence-based violence reduction strategies “that seek to interrupt cycles of violence and retaliation in order to reduce the incidence of homicides, shootings, and aggravated assaults.” Within that definition, applicants have some discretion in selecting a strategy or strategies that best fit the scope of the problem and the needs of the target community.

Table 3. Examples of Strategies Eligible for CalVIP Funding
<ul style="list-style-type: none">❖ Focused Deterrence❖ Hospital-Based Violence Intervention❖ Street Outreach❖ Cognitive Behavioral Therapy❖ Community/Police Trust Building❖ Employment/Job Training❖ Diversion❖ Mentoring❖ Intensive Case Management❖ Mental Health Services

Table 3 includes *examples* of the types of strategies that may be funded by this grant. This is not an exhaustive list and applicants are not required to implement one of these; they are offered as examples only. Applicants may choose to incorporate components from several strategies to best fit the needs of the individuals targeted for services.

Pass-Through Requirement for Cities: AB 1603 expands the type of organizations that are eligible to count toward a city’s required 50 percent pass-through, as follows: Each city that receives a CalVIP grant shall distribute no less than 50 percent of the grant funds to one or more of any of the following types of entities:

(1) Community-based organizations.

(2) Public agencies or departments, other than law enforcement agencies or departments, that are primarily dedicated to community safety or violence prevention.

Questions? Submit questions about the CalVIP Grant to: CalVIP-3@bscc.ca.gov.

For additional information, visit the BSCC website at www.bscc.ca.gov.

From the home page, select “Grants.”